

Safety Data Sheet

Brand: MAX(TITE

Issue Date: 19-Jun-2024 Revision Date: 19-Jun-2024 Version 01

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product Name MaxTite 99% Vinegar

Other means of identification

SDS # 672109

UN/ID No UN2789

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Industrial, Residential, and Laboratory use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Address

Pacific Innovations LLC 129 Seegers Avenue Elk Grove Village, IL 60007 (708) 320-2088

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone INFOTRAC 1-800-535-5053 (North America)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance Clear liquid Physical state Liquid Odor Characteristic odor of vinegar

Classification

Flammable Liquids	Category 3
Skin corrosion	Category 1A
Serious eye damage	Category 1

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard statements

Flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.



Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.

Keep only in original packaging.

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilation/lighting.

Use non-sparking tools.

Take action to prevent static discharges.

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapor/spray.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary Statements - Response

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Keep cool.

Store locked up

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other hazards

None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name	CAS No	Weight-%
Acetic acid	64-19-7	99

^{**}If Chemical Name/CAS No is "proprietary" and/or Weight-% is listed as a range, the specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.**

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General Advice Move out of dangerous area. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician. Provide

this SDS to medical personnel for treatment. Do not leave the victim unattended.

Eye Contact IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with plenty of water and continue flushing

for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

Skin Contact IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water/shower. If irritation persists after washing, seek medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Discard contaminated leather (gloves, shoes, belts, wallets, etc.). Seek medical attention if tissue appears damaged or if pain or irritation

persists.

Inhalation IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air at once. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial

respiration. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist the affected person by administering oxygen. Keep the affected person warm and at rest. Get medical attention immediately. Do not leave the victim unattended. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice. In the event of

unconsciousness, apnea or cardiac arrest, apply cardiopulmonary resuscitation.

SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY!

Ingestion IF SWALLOWED: DO NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Drink water (two glasses at most). Do not attempt to neutralize acid with weak bases or antacids because the chemical reaction may

extend the corrosive injury.

GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY!

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms May cause burns of the mouth, throat, esophagus, and stomach. Signs and symptoms may

include pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea, dizziness, drowsiness, faintness, weakness,

collapse and coma.

Damage to skin and eyes.

Bronchopneumonia, pulmonary edema, and reactive airway dysfunction syndrome (RADS)

may follow acute inhalation overexposure or aspiration.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician For ocular exposures, continuous irrigation with tap water or normal saline should continue

until the eye fluid pH is neutral.

Following ingestion, neutralization therapy or drinking large volumes of water or milk is not recommended because of concerns related to exothermic neutralization reactions and vomiting with possible aspiration and re-exposure of the esophagus to acid.

There is no specific antidote available.

Assess airway if inhaled and/or ingested.

If ingested, cardiac and respiratory status must be continuously monitored. Assess extent and severity of tissue injury by appropriate diagnostic studies and

procedures.

Vigorous anti-inflammatory/steroid treatment may be required at first evidence of

pulmonary/upper airway edema.

Prolonged observation may be indicated.

Treat symptomatically.

Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical

condition of the patient.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media High volume water jet

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors

Fire may produce irritating, corrosive, and/or toxic gases.

Forms explosive mixtures with air at elevated temperatures.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapors possible in the event of fire.

Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk.

When fighting a fire, notify environmental authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon oxides. Corrosive vapors.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighter's protective clothing will only provide limited protection. Wear chemical protective clothing that is specifically recommended by the manufacturer. It may provide little or no thermal protection. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Beware of

vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing and eye/face protection. Evacuate

unnecessary personnel.

For Emergency Responders Follow all firefighting procedures in Section 5. Use personal protection recommended in

Section 8.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent from entering drains. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. See

Section 12, Ecological Information. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment and

Clean-up

Neutralize with chalk, alkali solution or ammonia. Contain spillage, then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g., sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and

place in container for disposal according to local and national regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on Safe Handling

Avoid formation of aerosol. Do not breathe vapors. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see Section 8. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Open drum carefully as contents may be under pressure.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from

sources of ignition — No smoking. Protect from direct sunlight.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents. Strong bases. Metals.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Acetic acid	STEL: 15 ppm	TWA: 10 ppm	IDLH: 50 ppm
64-19-7	TWA: 10 ppm	TWA: 25 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 10 ppm	TWA: 25 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 25 mg/m ³	STEL: 15 ppm
		, , ,	STEL: 37 mg/m ³

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Safety shower, eye wash fountain, and washing facilities should be readily available. Apply

technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/Face Protection Chemical safety goggles/faceshield. Refer to 29 CFR 1910.133 for eye and face protection

regulations.

Skin and Body Protection Full contact

Material: butyl-rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.7 mm Break through time: 480 min

Splash contact Material: Latex gloves

Minimum layer thickness: 0.6 mm Break through time: 30 min

Respiratory Protection Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wear appropriate mask. Refer to

29 CFR 1910.134 for respiratory protection requirements.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not eat, drink or

smoke when using this product.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid

Appearance Clear liquid Odor Characteristic odor of

vinegar

ColorColorlessOdor Threshold0.21 - 1 ppm

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

pH < < 2 Melting point / freezing point 16.5 C Boiling point / boiling range 118 C

Flash point 39 C; 760 mmHg; cc Evaporation Rate No data available Flammability (Solid, Gas) Liquid-Not applicable

Flammability Limit in Air

Upper flammability or explosive 4 % vol

limits

Lower flammability or explosive 19.9 % vol

limits

Vapor Pressure0.156 mmHgVapor Density2.1 (acetic acid)

Relative Density 1.07 g/cm3 at (20C / 68F)

Water Solubility
Soluble in water
Solubility in other solvents
Partition Coefficient
Soluble in water
No data available
No data available

Autoignition temperature 463 C

Decomposition temperatureNo data availableKinematic viscosityNo data availableDynamic ViscosityNo data availableExplosive PropertiesNot an explosiveOxidizing PropertiesNot an oxidizer

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions.

Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

This product reacts violently with bases, spattering and liberating heat. Risk of explosion in contact with strong oxidizing agents. Exothermic reaction with metals.

Conditions to Avoid

Heat, flame, sparks, and other ignition sources. Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong bases. Metals.

Hazardous decomposition products

Corrosive gases/vapor. Carbon oxides.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Eye Contact Causes serious eye damage.

Skin Contact Causes severe skin burns.

Inhalation Do not inhale.

Ingestion Do not ingest.

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Acetic acid 64-19-7	= 3310 mg/kg (Rat)	= 1060 mg/kg(Rabbit)	= 11.4 mg/L (Rat)4 h

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms Please see section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Carcinogenicity Not classified. No adverse effect observed.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Based on acute aquatic toxicity values, not classified.

Component Information

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Acetic acid		75: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus 75	65: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L
64-19-7		mg/L LC50 static	EC50 Static
		79: 96 h Pimephales promelas 88	
		mg/L LC50 static	

Persistence/Degradability

Test type, aerobic Biodegradation 96% Exposure time 20 d Readily biodegradable

Bioaccumulation

There is no data for this product.

Mobility

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Acetic acid	-0.31
64-19-7	

Other Adverse Effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods

Disposal of Wastes Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

California Hazardous Waste Status

Chemical name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Acetic acid	Toxic
64-19-7	Corrosive
	Ignitable

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Note Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping information, including

exemptions and special circumstances.

DOT

UN/ID No UN2789

Proper Shipping Name Acetic acid, glacial

Hazard class 8 (3) Packing Group II

<u>IATA</u>

UN number UN2789

Proper Shipping Name Acetic acid, glacial

Transport hazard class(es) 8 (3)
Packing Group

<u>IMDG</u>

UN number UN2789

Proper Shipping Name Acetic acid, glacial

Transport hazard class(es) 8 (3)
Packing Group

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

Chemical name	TSCA	TSCA Inventory	DSL/NDSL	EINECS/ELI	ENCS	IECSC	KECL	PICCS	AICS
		Status		NCS					
Acetic acid	X	ACTIVE	Х	Х	X	X	Х	Х	Х

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Chemical name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Acetic acid	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ
64-19-7			RQ 2270 kg final RQ

SARA 313

This product contains no known chemicals regulated under SARA 313

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

Chemical name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Acetic acid	5000 lb			X

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania	Rhode Island
Acetic acid	X	X	X	X
64-19-7				

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Health Hazards Flammability Instability Special Hazards 3 2 0 Not determined

HMIS Health Hazards Flammability Physical hazards Personal Protection

Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined

Issue Date:19-Jun-2024Revision Date:19-Jun-2024Revision Note:New format

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet